

**Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate<sup>1</sup> and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work<sup>2</sup> involving musculoskeletal disorders<sup>3</sup> by selected parts of body, Connecticut, 2002**

Part of body		Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
Total		6,967	8	58.8	4.2
0	Head	--	--	--	--
00	Head, unspecified	--	--	--	--
1	Neck, Including Throat	211	3	1.8	14.1
10	Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	211	3	1.8	14.1
2	Trunk	5,095	7	43.0	4.5
20	Trunk, unspecified	15	3	0.1	50.8
21	Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula	630	18	5.3	8.7
22	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	105	4	0.9	19.7
220	Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	101	4	0.9	20.1
221	Internal chest location, unspecified	--	--	--	--
23	Back, including spine, spinal cord	3,771	6	31.8	4.8
230	Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	1,415	5	11.9	6.3
231	Lumbar region	2,110	6	17.8	5.6
232	Thoracic region	172	9	1.5	15.5
233	Sacral region	--	--	--	--
238	Multiple back regions	73	15	0.6	23.4
24	Abdomen	411	24	3.5	10.4
240	Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	72	13	0.6	23.7
241	Internal abdominal location, unspecified	153	40	1.3	16.5
242	Stomach organ	16	29	0.1	50.1
245	Intestines, peritoneum	171	22	1.4	15.6
2450	Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified	167	20	1.4	15.8
2451	Peritoneum	--	--	--	--
25	Pelvic region	100	7	0.8	20.2
250	Pelvic region, unspecified	--	--	--	--
251	Hip(s)	--	--	--	--
252	Pelvis	--	--	--	--
254	Groin	85	4	0.7	21.8
28	Multiple trunk locations	62	5	0.5	25.4
3	Upper extremities	927	22	7.8	7.4
31	Arm(s)	244	16	2.1	13.2
310	Arm(s), unspecified	58	8	0.5	26.4
311	Upper arm(s)	47	5	0.4	29.1
312	Elbow(s)	84	18	0.7	21.9
313	Forearm(s)	52	10	0.4	27.7
318	Multiple arm(s) locations	--	--	--	--
32	Wrist(s)	537	27	4.5	9.3
33	Hand(s), except finger(s)	63	6	0.5	25.3
34	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	46	25	0.4	29.4
38	Multiple upper extremities locations	37	15	0.3	32.6
381	Hand(s) and finger(s)	--	--	--	--
382	Hand(s) and wrist(s)	26	15	0.2	39.4
383	Hand(s) and arm(s)	--	--	--	--
389	Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
4	Lower extremities	405	10	3.4	10.5
41	Leg(s)	300	10	2.5	12.0
410	Leg(s), unspecified	59	10	0.5	26.2
411	Thigh(s)	--	--	--	--
412	Knee(s)	220	14	1.9	13.9
413	Lower leg(s)	15	2	0.1	51.7

**Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate<sup>1</sup> and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work<sup>2</sup> involving musculoskeletal disorders<sup>3</sup> by selected parts of body, Connecticut, 2002**

	Part of body	Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
42	Ankle(s)	80	20	0.7	22.5
43	Foot(feet), except toe(s)	--	--	--	--
430	Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified	--	--	--	--
44	Toe(s), toenail(s)	--	--	--	--
48	Multiple lower extremities locations	17	47	0.1	48.6
489	Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.	17	47	0.1	48.6
8	Multiple Body Parts	318	10	2.7	11.7
9	Other Body Parts	--	--	--	--
99	Other body parts, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
999	Other body parts, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
9999	Nonclassifiable	--	--	--	--

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days away from work include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, April 2004